CITY ITEM'S.

A Cay from the Prisons .- T icket swindling is reviving. For a while cases were presecuted with promptitude, and the busines a languished. But it was scotched, not killed." There are now five or six cases pending, the witner ses in which are restrained of their liberty, while the'r victimizers are out on bail, possibly gathering net w harvests from the practice of their disrepatable profession. The witnesses bitterly complain on account of the delay in bringing their cases to trial, and of the hardships that are imposed upon them in consequence. It is unpleasant to bring into question the motives of any one, but we cannot refrain from the suspicion that if the election was not so near the parties complained of might possibly obtain less consideration. The following are the cases referred to above: Thomas C. Roach, arrested on the 6th of August, on the complaint of Richard Ware. Ware first bought what he supposed to be a genuine ticket of James McCarron, at No. 146 Liberty street; Jacob Wilson received this and gave another on Thomas C. Roach. Ware says he gave \$18 for the ticket, whereas if he had gone to the regular office he would baye got it for \$15. Roach was held to bail in \$500 to answer. (As Mr. Roach is the accredited agent of the shipping merchants, there is probably some mistake in his case.) Conrad A. Ten Eyck of Brooklyn was arrested on the 19th August, charged with selling a ticket to John Maher for passage in a ship which had already sailed. It was not made out according to the statute which provides that the ticket shall state the date on which the vessel sails, and that the passenger is entitled to board and lodging free, and fifty center day and damages not to exceed \$50 for all time he is detained waiting for the ship to start after the time specified. Maher was told that if he would pay a little more he should have another ship. Ten Eyck was held in \$500 to answer. Daniel Burn is charged with selling a ticket to Daniel McCarthy, his . wife and two children for a passage- to Liverpool for \$75 in the City of Washington. After they got down the Bay they were sent back—McCarthy having failed to exchange his ticket at Mr. Dale's office as ordered. He is held to bail in \$500. James McCarron of No. 146 Liberty street is charged with selling Peter Keller a ticket for Liverpool, while he wanted to go to Bremen. In this case \$18 was paid, while \$15 is the regular charge. Charles Winsch, clerk for Mr. McDonald, No. 22 Albany street, is charged with constructive larceny. It is alleged that Bernard Conlins went into the office to get some money changed into British currency, when he was told that he needed some bedding for the voyage, but he insisted that he did not, as he had already precared a supply. They told him it was one of their rules, and they could not change it for his sake; and they put a quantity into his chest, deducting payment from the money he wished to get changed. It would seem as though it were time some of the above cases were brought to trial; but the witnesses may have to suffer until after election.

A MYSTERIOUS WOMAN .- On Monday the ship Dreadnaught sailed from this port for Liverpool, having on board a number of passengers, among them a well-dressed woman, accompanied by a beautiful little girl about four years old. Her conduct was of so strange a character as to attract the attention of the captain and mates of the ship. Owing to the latter circumstance, when this ship reached Sandy Hook both the woman, girl, and their baggage were transferred to the tow-boat. Her conduct continued to be of such a nature as to awaken the suspicion of the pilot, who watched her closely, and when the boat reached Staten Island, she deliberately picked up the little girl and pitched her into the water. The pilot stopped the boat in a trice, and jumped into the water and kept the child on the surface till both were taken on board the boat. From that moment the woman was made secure until they reached the city, when the woman and the little girl were handed over to Sergeant Brevoort of the Twenty-seventh Precinct, at the Station-House in Cedar street. The woman was detained for examination, and the little girl was sent

The woman tells a strange story. It is as follows: Her name is Mary Monroe, and she is married. The child is not her husband's nor her own, but the man whose child she is wished her destroyed, as she was entitled to certain property which would revert to him directly upon her death. He had sent them both away with a view to the disappearance of the girl. For this reason she had thrown the child overboard. She had in her possession £5 in gold, five gold rings, and two trunks full of clothes. The woman is probably

CLAIMS ON THE CENTRAL PARK EXTENSION .- The Hon. John B. Haskin bas made the following report on the claims of the Commissioners for assessing the damages to property-owners by the Central Park Extension. It will be seen that although the extortionate charges have been materially curtailed, the allowance to the claimants, is nevertheless quite liberal for the very nominal services rendered:

to the claimants, is nevertheless quite liberal for the very nominal services rendered:

Surseyer—John A. Bagley claimed \$49,272 89; allowed by Commissioners \$125,488; allowed by Referee \$10,000.

Edward Boyle claimed \$120; allowed by Commissioners \$125; allowed by Referee \$28.

Rent and Lapenses—W. P. Walker claimed \$3,680; allowed by Commissioners \$2,899; allowed by Referee for rent \$900; allowed by Referee for expenses \$250-\$1,150.

Cle kin-A. L. Eleccker claimed \$2,300; allowed by Commissioners \$4,580; allowed by Referee \$1,600.

Wildes P. Walker claimed \$2,700; allowed by Commissioners \$1,580; allowed by Referee \$1,600.

William H. Plummer claimed \$1,588; allowed by Commissioners \$1,580; allowed by Referee \$1,500; allowed by Commissioners \$1,500; allowed by Referee \$1,500; allowed by Commissioners \$1,500; allowed by Referee \$1,600.

Approximate Allowed by Referee \$1,600.

Approximate Matchina Relly claimed \$1,500; allowed by Commissioners \$1,500; allowed by Referee \$1,500.

Jones & Co. claimed \$1,600.

Jones & Co. claimed \$1,600.

Jones & Co. claimed \$1,600.

Edward Van Ramet claimed \$1,500; allowed by Commissioners \$100; allowed by Referee \$1,500.

Edward Van Ramet claimed \$1,000.

Edwar

The amount allowed by Referee is \$43,965 89 less than the amount claimed, and \$25,313 less than the amount allowed by the Commissioners and taxed by the County Clerk.

The above amount does not include newspaper bills which were not altered

INTERIOR DECORATIONS.—No better idea could be gained of the general appearance of floors and sidewalks in Southern towns than by a visit to the various recruiting offices in this city. What with tobacco-spit and the accumulated dirt and stains of mouths, the unswept and unwashed floors of these places are disgusting in the extreme. We cannot see why the recruiting officers in charge do not, if only for the sake of their own comfort, have some of their idlers use a broom and water occasionally, and render their rooms a degree more cleanly than pig-styes. So disregardful are some of our volunteer officers of the condition of the quarters, that in most of these places vermin breed by millions, and recruits temporarily occupying them are infested with the loathsome creatures so as sometimes to befoul a whole camp. The Sanitary Committee would do well to remedy this crying evil at once.

ORCHARD STREET CHURCH SARBATH-SCHOOL RE-UNION .- Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, a goodly number of ladies and gentlemen. formerly teachers and scholars of the Orchard street Church Sabbath-School, assembled last evening from different sections of the country, at the hall of the Historical Society, corner of Second avenue and Eleventh street. The Rev. Dr. Sawyer presided, and a number of gentlemen addressed the meeting. Reminiscences incidents, and the numerous advantages of the "Old O. chard street School" were related and dwelt upon

by the different speakers, and all mentioned with pride the fact that they once belonged to that Association. Many of the old Superintendents were present. Singing and prayer formed a portion of the exercises of the evening.

Universalists of the Northern States.-The Convention of delegates from all the Universalist Societies in the Northern States assembled and organized in Dr. Chapin's Church yesterday morning at 9 o'clock. The Rev. Mr. Camp of Baltimore was the only representative from a Slave State, and he was lmitted to a seat as an honorary member, there being no State organization in Maryland. One clerical and two lay delegates represent each State, and one additional delegate appears for each fifty Societies. Some outine business was transacted, including the appointnent of Committees, after which the Convention adourned until 2 o'clock, when the Council assembled in the Bleecker-street Church. At 21 o'clock, there was a Sunday-School meeting in Dr. Chapin's Church, and at 73 o'clock, there was preaching in the Twentiethstreet Church, near Sixth avenue.

The programme for to-day and to-morrow is as

follows:

WEDNESDAY-S o'clock-Conference, at Twentieth-street
Church and Second Society Church, Eleventh street and Second avenue.
11 o'clock--Occasional Sermon, by the Rev. W. W. Curry of Indiana. in Dr. Chapin's Church.
22 o'clock--Universalist Reunion, at Dodworth's Hall, No. 806

24 o'clock—Universalist Reumon, as 1-22 o'clock—Universalist Reumon, as 2-24 o'clock—Conference meeting, in Dr. Chapin's Church, 74 o'clock—Preaching at Williamsburgh Church, corner F. 75 Ociock—Conference meeting, in Dr. aspect.
75 Ociock—Preaching at Williamsburgh Church, cerner Fourth
ad South Third streets.
Thursmay—1 o'clock—Conference, at Twentieth-st. Church.
163 O'clock—Preaching, at Dr. Chapin's Church.
2 o'clock—Conference in 2d Society's Hall (Historical Society).
75 O'clock—Preaching, in Church of the Restoration, Brooklyn,
owner of Mource place and Clark street.
The Council will meet in the Bleecker-street Church

on and after Thursday afternoon.

BREAKING GROUND FOR A NEW COURT-HOUSE IN THE PARK.-A score of laborers and a half dozen carts began operations in the Park yesterday morning, for the erection of a new Court-House, under the direction of the Board of Supervisors of the county. The ceremony of breaking ground, in two separate places, was gone through with at an early hour, and without the formalities that might have been expected in a work so long talked of, and a building so much needed. A shanty of pine planks, to serve as a tool-house, was also fully completed before the day closed. If we may judge from promises, the new Court-House will not be delayed unduly, in the course of its construc-

WHAT THE CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY IS DOING. -A company of 50 children, boys and girls, neat and happy, left the city yesterday afternoon, under the charge of Mr. H. Friedgen. - Several little ones, " orphane of the war," gave a melancholy interest to the party. We regret to learn that the operations of this most benevolent Society for aiding orphan and homeless children are severely cramped for want of funds. They have hitherto worked without intermission with strenuous efforts, and it would be sad news for the poor city children if this door of hope and rescue from want and sin should be closed against them.

EUROPEAN DISPATCHES VIA CAPE RACE .- The steamship Arago, Capt. Lines, which left this port last Saturday, will call at Cape Race to receive any dispatches for Europe that our merchants may wish to transmit in this steamer. Geo. Stoker, the commercial telegraph agent, No. 145 Broadway, will receive such dispatches up to 10 o'clock a. m. on Wednesday, and promptly transmit them. If the weather is favorable, Capt. Lines expects to reach the Cape early Wednesday evening. This mode of transmitting intelligence and private commercial advices has obtained to a large extent within the past year among our most enterprising merchants.

RARE FISHES .- Mr. Barnum has just added to his Aquavia at the Museum, a number of very rare and beautiful fishes, among them the King Fish and the udian Remora. The latter is in shape something between the conger eel and the shovel-nosed shark. It is banded with black and white stripes, and on the top of its broad head is a huge leech-like mouth, by which it attaches itself to other fish, sucking their blood till they expire. There are many other new and interesting additions to the collection, whose singular habits com mend them to the student of natural history.

ADVERTISEMENTS IN UNIFORM .- Of all the modern advertising dodges, the manager of the Winter Garden has just bethought himself of the most brilliant. Yesterday morning a squad of boys, clad in the gorgeous array of Zouaves, marched in procession down Broadway, each with a bannerole, on which the varied inscription appealed to wayfarers to turn into that rural one Mrs. John Wood in her favorite role of Cinderella.

POSTPONED.-The meeting announced for last evening at Dr. Cheever's Church, was postponed for one week, on account of the illness of the Rev. Mr. Goss. We understand that Dr. Cheever is also suffering from indisposition.

CUSTOM-HOUSE .- The Secretary of the Treasury has instructed Collector Barney to permit the Rebel interest in confiscated vessels, loading or loaded, to be bonded, and the vessels to depart on their voyages. This rule will, no doubt, apply to all vessels in which known loyal owners have a majority of interest.

LETTER FROM PRINCE NAPOLEON .- In reply to his Honor the Mayor, who tendered, on behalf of the city, the resolutions of welcome adopted by the Common Council, Prince Napoleon has written the following letter:

REPLY OF PRINCE NAPOLEON.

MR. MAYOR: I have the pleasure to acknowledge the receipt of the resolutions passed by the Councils of your city, for which please to accept the thanks of the Princess Maria Clothilde and myself. Be assured, Mr. Mayor, that the evidences of strong sympathy and the attentions of every kind, which we have received in this country and especially in the great City of New-York, will be ever remembered by us.

Accept the assurances of our profound thanks to you personally, and convey to the Common Council of New-York our acknowledgments for the liberal hospitality extended upon our arrival in this country. Receive, Mr. Mayor, the particular expressions of my most distinguished consideration.

NAPOLEON (JEROME). NIAGARA, Sept. 9, 1861.

THE FALL RIVER LINE,-The fine steamboat Metropolis, of this line, has temporarily been withdrawn and placed on the dry dock for examination and repairs. The Bay State temporarily takes her place.

We have received the Supplement for Sept. 15 of The American Lloyds, from Mesers. Taylor, Hartshorne & King.

The City of Manchester brought the following amount of specie to-

Fred. Butterfield & Co..... 830 con Fred. Butterfield & Co. 230 coo
Bank of Commerce. 1,765
B. Rehrend & Co. (foreign gold). 11,000
W. F. F. Oniverse, Tyler & Co. 226
F. F. Duflis. 2,000
Lyles, Polhamus & Co. 400
F. Marquez. 162
G. W. Preuss. 2,500
Schuchardt & Gebhard. 22,000
Wm. Uttley. 750

Total£07,023 DEATH OF EX-CHIEF ENGINEER GULICE .-- EX-Chief Engineer James Gulick died at his residence in this city on Monday evening last. A meeting of officers of different branches of the Fire Department was held at the Chief Engineer's office last evening, for the purpose of making arrangements to honor the remains. John S. Giles, esq., Treasurer of the Fire Department, was called to the chair, and W. Wells Wilson, ex-Assistant Engineer, appointed Secretary. Chief Engineer Decker and Assistant Engineers Alker, Cornwell, Baulch, Kingsland, Brice, Jacobs, and Hackett,
Henry Wilson, esq., and John J. Gorman of the Board
of Fire Commissioners, John Carland, esq., of the
Board of Appeals, Albert J. Delatour, Acting President of the Fire Department, George W. Wheeler,

ceq., of the Exempt Association, John R. Platt, esq., and H. M. Van Wart of Hose No. 11 were among

and H. M. Van Wart of Hose No. 11 were among those present.

After organizing the meeting, John S. Giles, esq., Mr. George W. Wheeler, and W. Wells Wilson made appropriate remarks in reference to the death of deceased. It was stated by ex-Chief Engineer Wenman that arrangements had been made by the relatives to convey the body to Woodbridge, New-Jersey, at 6 o'clock on Wednesday maning, and that no time would be allowed to hav, a public demonstration by the Fire Department. The following Committee was appointed by the Chair to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the masting: John Deaker, George W. Wheeler, W. W. Wilson, John Baulch, John Carland, and Henry Wilson. They reported as follows:

W. Wheeler, W. W. Wilson, John Baulch, John Carland, and Henry Wilson. They reported as follows:
"Your Committee respectfully report that they deem it inexpedient to redopt resolutions at the present time. They recommend that the different branches of the Department be requested to meet and adopt such resolutions as they may deem proper."

On motion of A. J. Delatour, esq., Chief Engineer Decker, ex-Chief Engineer Wenman, and George W. Wheeler were appointed as a delegation to accompany the remains to New-Jersey. The meeting then adjourned.

THE STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE .- The Syracuse correspondent of The New York Dispatch gives the following insight into the means brought to bear to exclude Mr. Geo. Opdyke from the Republican Central Committee:
"The members of the new State Central Committee

"The members of the new State Central Committee my your city are James Kelly, Simeon Draper, and Isaac Sherman. I notice that George Opdyke has been left off this Committee. Although no public notice has been taken of this marked slight put upon Mr. Opdyke, I can assure you that it was not done without a light, and a bitter one at that. The estensible ground on which he was defeated was the course taken by his friend Collector Barney, in the distribution of the patronage of the Custom-House, But the real cause lies desper than Custom-House patronage. I am told that all the preminent officials in the State took a hand in the onelaught on Ondyke. I need not give you the that all the prominent officials in the State took a main in the onslaught on Opdyke. I need not give you the reason why the Governor and State officers desired his defeat; but exactly why his associates of last year, Messrs. Draper and Kelly, backed by the city officials and Harbor-Masters, should deem his defeat an object worthy of a pilgrimage to Syracuse, is not quite so

lear.

No man has rendered more important or varied ser-No man has rendered more important or varied services to the party and the country than George Opdyke during the past year. His time, influence, and money have always been freely given in aid of the cause. Neither his patriotism nor his Republicanism have ever been questioned. Why, then, was he slaughtered in a Convention composed of men professing to be willing to rink all personal and partisan considerations in this hour of national peril? Do the recollators and addy contractors dread his growing ing to be willing to this all personal and partisances siderations in this hour of national peril? Do the speculators and shoddy contractors dread his growing power and influence in the politics of the State? I confess that I am puzzled to account for the course pursued in this matter. I give below what I am assured is a correct list of the Delegates from your city who "did the job." Perhaps your readers will be able to explain the meaning of this combination to strike the name of George Opdyke from the State Central Committee: Alderman Henry Smith, Dr. P. C. Van Wyck, Henry H. Huelat, Samuel S. Wyckoff, John J. Sillcocks, Owen W. Brennan, Councilman Chas, H. Hall, Andrew Blakely, James Booth, Adolphus Borst, Benj. W. Hicks, Supervisor Silas B. Dutcher, John Byrnes, Cumming H. Tucker, John V. Gridley, Harbor-Master James E. Coulter, Alderman Ira Allen, Dennis McCabe and Lawrence Harney.

The other city delegates, while some of them do not favor the wing of the party to which Mr. Opdyke be-

favor the wing of the party to which Mr. Opdyke be-longs, were yet desirous of keeping his name on the State Central Committee, in order to preserve the har-mony of the party, and obliterate as far as possible the Seward and anti-Seward division, and at the same time recognize his faithful political services during the last campaign, and his patriotic services to the country, since the breaking out of the war. In this they were overruled by the effortsof a powerful lobby, whose sole business in Syracuse appeared to be to defeat Mr. Opdyke. How these gentlemen expect to compensate themselves for their labors and the pecuniary outlay their triumph cost, I am at a loss to know. I always supposed that a place on the State Central Committee was a sort of empty honor that was apt to cost the recipient a great deal more than it ever came to. But I begin to think there must be "something in this Committee," there I have not yet discovered. mittee," that I have not yet discovered.

MUTINY .-- On Monday afternoon as the ship Universe was being towed to sea, and when near the Narrows a difficulty occurred owners the erew, and during the melee one of the seamen was stabbed, while the perpetrator either fell or jumped overboard to avoid being taken, and Mr. Rabineau, United States boardingofficer of the cutter Bib, seeing the man in the water immediately went to his assistance and succeeded in rescuing him, after which he returned him to the ship, which then proceeded on her voyage.

If the utterances of The Leader are to be relied upon, Tammany Hall has no sympathy with the treasonable resolutions adopted by the Richmond-Cagger Conven-

We quote from that journal: tion. We quote from that journal:

"The position of Tammany Hall on the great issues of the day is not a matter of doubt. Inheriting the principles of Andrew Jackson and always supremely faithful to the Union, Tammany Hall was the first political organization in the country to take grounds for the maintenance of our National existence, at whatever cost. Devoted to the Constitution and in favor of wheelights all States and excitors in their count and just rights under that instrument, the National De-mocracy of New-York viewed Mr. Lincoln's election with regret as a triumph of sectional prejudice and pas-sion. But with the first shot fired against the Stars and Stripes by order of the Southern conspirators, all minor differences faded out of view—all party interests were flung to the winds; and Tammany Hall, rising to the level of the occasion, gave unterance to those true, brave and cheering words which first assured the Ad-ministration that an undivided and devoted North would stand by it in accepting and repelling the inso-lent challenge of traitorous aggresson."

BULL's HEAD, Tuesday, Sept. 10 .- Notwithstanding the almost continual rain-storm of to-day, there was a very animated trade at Bull's Head, and that, too, at fully last week's prices, for medium to ordinary grades, and with more frequent 9c. sales than were noticed in our last. Two full droves were rapidly closed out at 9c, for one-half and 8 c. for the other. closed out at 9c. for one-half and 8 jc. for the other. The latter price was very freely given for the best of most good droves. There was, however, some cause for this readiness on the part of buyers, who did not obtain a reserve from the enormous total on sale last week, as the receipts did not over run 3,400 cattle on sale at Allerton's to-day, which show a decrease of about 1,400 head when compared with the previous week. Common, light cattle, which comprised nearly two-thirds of the whole offerings, could not be worked off as well as they were last week, in consequence of the backwardness of wholesalers; but, as there seemed very little probability of prices falling below recent rates, holders felt perfectly secure in waiting for tovery little probability of prices failing below recent rates, holders felt perfectly secure in waiting for to-morrow's trade. We, therefore, quote an advance on first-class bullocks of at least {c, and remark that the backbone of our market, lately alluded to, remains strictly sound, and will so continue, provided the re-ceipts are kept within reasonable limits. There was a goodly number of State cattle sent in, but generally is small low.

BOLD ATTEMPT TO ROB A WOMAN IN HER OWN BOLD ATTENTY TO ROB A WOMAN IN HER OWN HOUSE.—About 6 o'clock on Monday evening, Wm. Wallace, aged 18, and Michael Stephens, aged 21 years, entered the saloon of Catharine Schneider, No. 143 Avenue B, and finding her alone and unprotected, assailed her in a violent manner, the one clutching her by the throat, while the other proceeded to open a bureau drawer, with a view of taking its contents. Mrs. Schneider became insensible to what was going on, so that the thieves had full opportunity to reassuck the house. They were frightened, however, in the midst of their enterprise, and ran away. Officer Wilson of the Eleventh Ward, cave them chase, and coming up tont the thieves had full opportunity to ransack the house. They were frightened, however, in the midst of their enterprise, and ran away. Officer Wilson of the Eleventh Ward, gave them chase, and coming up with Officer Yates, who assisted him, both the thieves were arrested. Justice Brennan committed them for trial.

The steamer Petrel, which arrived on Tuesday morning from Providence, brought on freight one hundred and twenty-nine bales of cotton.

BURGLARY .- On Monday night, between 11 and 12 BURGLARY.—On Monday night, between 11 and 12 Thomas Wright and Sanuel Lane on a charge of having foreibly entered the grocery store of Messra. J. & J. Sharp, at the corner of Hudson and West Tenth streets. It appeared that both the beys were found concealed in the store referred to; that part of a burnt candle was found lying on the top of a burnt, and some matches found in Lanes, pocket. Both boys confessed having broken or forced open the celler door, and that they were assisted by another boy named Andrew Van Norden, who left them after the lock had been broken. They were taxen before Justice Quackenbush yesterday morning and committed for trial, in default of £1,000 bull each.

ARREST OF ENGLISH FORGERS .- By the steamship angaroo, which arrived at this port on the 10th of August, came this country two gentlemen from England, George Wilson and is son. It appears that previous to leaving they had committed ageries to the amount of £20,000, on the firm of Bruce & Tatforgeries to the amount of £20,000, on the firm of Bruce & Tattersfield, Yerkshire, England. They were pursued to this country by two officers, having their full description, who on their arrival here presented themselves to General-Superintendent Kennedy, and informed him of their business. He immediately detailed Detective Fairing to aid them in "working up the case." They succeeded in arresting Mr. Wijsou and his son at the Town

of Marlboro', Ulster Count or N. Y., and brought them to this city; and on Monday the Fanglish officers started with their prisoners on the packet ship Dreadmant for Liverpool.

LARGE SEIZUR" AT HUDSON .- Marshal Borst went up to Hudson, Colt and a county, yesterday morning and made a large seizure of merchandise, money, and other property, at the strgs of Jorges Clark & Co. One of the firm, N. C. Folger, has a large establishment in New-Orleans. There is evidence that they kave been for some time furnishing clothing, hardware and other contraband articles to the rebels. It is reported that Folger holds the commission of Colonel in one of the Louisiana.

FOUND DROWNED.—Yesterday, the body of Edward Hickey, a boy about 9 years of age, was found floating about in the dock foot of Twenty-third street. The Coroner was notified.

[Advertisement.]

WE HAVE been shown a document signed by the Mayers in office of the cities of the United States and Canada, certifying to the superior excellence of Dr. Aynn's Compound Extract of Sarsapan Lts and to the value of all his remedies as articles of great public utility. Such evidence from such high sources bears us out triumphantly in the position we have long maintained with regard to Dr. Aven's preparations, or more particularly our advertisements of them. No publishers need be more opposed than we are to the promulgation of quackery in any shape, but we knew when we began, that his remedies were above any suspicion of deception—that they were about the best it is possible to produce for the cure of disease, and that they have the confidence of all communities where they are known. Not sione because the Mayors of the whole country believe them useful to their people, but because we are rendering a substantial service to our readers in making their virtues known to them.— Courier, Princton, Ky.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT-SEPT. 17. PROPERTY OF SOUTHERN OWNERS LI-

BELED.

Libels have been filed in this Court to forfeit the following-described property, belonging to Southern owners, in addition to the list published yesterday: Money, stock, bonds, dues, interest, &c., in hands of H. B. Cromwell & Co., No. 36 West street, belonging to citizens of

the so-called Confederate States. Money, stock, &c., in hands of the New-York Life Insurance

and Trust Company.

Meney, bonds, &c., in hands of Hawkins, Legan & Co. Money, stock, &c., in hands of Bowman & Murchison.

Money, bonds, &c., in hands of J. H. Frerich & Co., No. 48 Exchange place. Money, bonds, &c., in hands of R. M. Blackwell & Co., No.

44 Front street. Money, bonds, &c., in hands of Wm. P. Converse, Tyler & Co. Money, bonds, &c., in hands of Lecesne, Freres & Co., or Chas. Lecesne, No. 24 William street.

Money, stock, cotton, and bonds, in hands of Caldwell & Coleman, No. 60 Wall street.

Money, scrip, bonds, deposits, &c., in the control of the Merchants' Bank of the City of New York.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT-ATTORNEY'S OFFICE-

EXAMINATION OF THE FORT LAPAYETTE PRISONERS. The Secretary of State has given instructions to United States Attorney Smith to examine the cases of a number of the prisoners now confined in Fort Lafavette. By the terms of the order, it is understood that the examination will be so conducted that no parties will be detained after the fact of their innocence is

THE POLICE AND THE PRESS .- The following order has been issued by the Superintendent of Police, subject to a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board of Police Commissioners:

GENERAL ORDER No. 275.

Capt. - Preciact.

The following resolution having passed the Board, you will read it to the members of your command, and see that it is read it to the members of your command, as strictly conformed to:

Revoiced, That inamuch as the publication of arrests, and the attendant circumstances, has caused serious embarrassment to the Department, and has frustrated the attempt to arrest persons guilty of offenses against the Government, that all information of arrests by members of the force, except such as are entered on the daily returns, be strictly forbidden, and that any violation of this rule will be deemed a cause for dismissal.

JOHN A. KENNEDY, Superintendent.

Lunguight. DANIEL CARPENTER, Inspe

SUPREME COURT-CHANBERS.-SEPT. 17 .- Before Justice H. W. Shipman agt. W. W. Wright-Dismissed.

nied.

In re. Guardianship of Julia Holmes—Order granted.

Sybella Chambers sgt. Theodore Voorbies, &c.—Judgment set aside.

Taxes and other disbursements to be added to amount of

SUPERIOR COURT—Special Term.—Eppt. 17.—Before Justice Hoffman.

Edwin F. Corey, et al, agt. Alanson T. Briggs. If defendant will pay the amount of \$500 into Court, and pay the costs of the term and \$10 costs of motion within ten days from service, the default may be set aside, and he be let in to defend, consenting also to a reference, if desired.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS-SPECIAL TERM.-SEPT. 17.

Before Judge Hillow.

Picant agt. Alger.—Referred to Woolbridge Hudson,
esq. as referre, to hear and determine.
Roylance agt. Roylance.—Judgment for defendant, confirming
referred's report and diamtesing complaint.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS-SEPT. 17 .- Before Re-COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—SET COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—SATA Jane Vanderpool pleaded guilty to assault and battery, and was remanded for sentence.

Edward Stenisson was convicted of larceny. He is a professional beggs and thief. He took lodging at No. 113 Greenwich to enter the plant of the set of the sentence of the set of the sentence of the sent

containing money and other articles to the value of \$151. A certificate was found on his person purporting to come from Edward Teal, Justice of the Fence for the town of Mission, La Salle County, Illinois, recommending him to the aid of the public to enable him to get home to Norway, as "a good and temperate man, who would not impose upon the public if it was not a pure necessity with him." He was sent to the State Prison for eight John J. Hayes was indicted for bigamy, but the case was not concluded when the Court adjourned.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.—Nos. 43,417, 21, 25, 27, 33,

34, 12, 31, 32.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.—Enumerated.
Nos. 100, 132, 124, 129, 135, 136, 138, 141, 150, 160, 163, 172, 178,
111, 189, 196, 1964, 199, 200, 204, 205, 200, 212, 2124,
SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—Part I.—Nos. 984,
1,271, 202, 201, 611, 466, 518, 526, 533, 537, 576, 597, 621, 624, 636,
654, 661.

MARINE COURT-SEPT. 16 .- Before Judge McCARTHY and

Jury.
ACTION AGAINST A STAGE COMPANY. Benjamtu Huton agt James Murphy and High Smith.

This was an action against the proprietors of the Madison avenue line of stages for damages for injuries alleged by the plaintiff to have been caused by his being run over by one of the defendants' stages in Nassau street, near John street, in May last. The p'sintiff claimed that while crossing the street, the stage came along at a furfour rate of speed, knocked the plaintiff down, and ran over his leg and arm, bruising him, and "spoiling his hat," whereby he was pevented from attending to his business for a space of three months. The defendants set up in their answer that the plaintiff was grossly drunk, that the stage did not hit him at all, and that his fall was caused by his own drunkenness, and not by the stage. After the plaintiff had rested his case. Mr. George R. Thompson, councel for the defendants, moved the Court to dismiss the complaint on the ground that First. There was no proof whatever of any negligence on the part of the driver.

First: There was no proof wantered to any many part of the driver.

Found: That the plaintiff had failed to show that he was himself free from blame, but, on the contrary, it appeared that the accident was caused by his own neglect.

The Court granted the motion and dismissed the complaint. Ephraim H. Hudson and Wm. H. Pemberton, the District-Attorney of Westchester County, appeared for the plaintiff, and Geo. R. Thompson for defendants. SUPERIOR COURT-SPECIAL TERM-SEPT. 16 .- Before

Justice Hoffman.

Richard P. Spencer agt. The Rogers Locomotive and Jachine Works.—Motion denied, without costs. COURT OF COMMON PLEAS-SPECIAL TERM-SEPT. 16 .-The People agt. Haynes et al.—Case settled.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS-SEPT. 16.-Before Re Mary Madison, indicted for larceny of money, plead-

ad guilty of an attempt to secure to her own uses some bank notes and gold celn, amounting to \$158, belonging to Joseph A. Fraffen, of the ship Jane Dunning. Part of the money was ound in her possession. She was sent to the State Prison for two

found in her possession. She was sent to the State Prison for two years.

Julia Greene was tried and acquitted on the charge of larceny of money from the person of Frederick Funk.

Julia Blaurett was tried and acquitted on the charge of forgery in the ascend degree, in circulating some bad \$5 tollis on the Bank of North America.

Martin Mullany, a shoemaker, was tried and convicted of larceny, in taking Daniel G. Center's watch, on the 27th August. He was sent three years to the State Prison.

Alex. Patterson was tried for an assault, and was let off, after much ado between the council, with one day in the City Prison. The jury could not agree in his case, or he could not have escaped so easily. Adjourned. SURROGATE'S COURT-SEPT. 17,

SURROGATE'S COURT—SEPT. 17.

Before Surrogate What.

WILL OF RICHARD SANDS.

The will of Richard Sands, equestrian, has been admitted to probate. The testator left a valuable estate, which he distributes among his relatives and friends.

The wills of Robert Fayerweather and Theodore Dehon, deceased, have been admitted to probate.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—SEPT. 11.—Bafore
Justices CLERKE, INGRAHAM, and LEGRARD.
THE RIGHT TO PHEACH IN THE PUBLIC STREETS
The People, &c., ex rel. Edward Falcoure, agt. Matthew T.
Brennan, Police Justice, &c.
This case comes before the court upon the returns to
two writs of certiforari, issued out of the Supreme Court, to
Matthew T. Brennan, Pelice Justice. The relator was charged
before said Justice with a violetion of a corporation ordinance,
which said complaint was tried upon testimony on both sides,
and the defendant was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of
ten dollars, or be imprisoned ten day. He paid the fine.
The ordinances of the city promiss any person from being
"congerged of instrumental in cellecting or promoting any

semblage of persons, under pretense of or for public worship rexhortstion in any streets in the City of New York."

The relator claims that the arrest was illegal, that no breach of the peace had been committed by him, and that the conviction was improper. He therefore saks to have the conviction

Case argued and decision reserved. R. H. Shaman for Relator; J. H. Anthon for the People.

CHARTER COMMISSION.

A meeting of the Charter Commission was held yesterday, Mr. Froment in the chair. The printing of various City Charters, at a cost not to exceed \$238, was ordered. The Committee on permanent organization were instructed to ascertain what vacancies there will be from resignations, and to report at the next meeting. Communications were received from the City Inspector and from the Croton Department. The former was taken up with considerations of reforms and alterations in the sanitary system of the city. Mr. Delayan says that the Board of Health, from the lat of January last down to the present day, has not held a single meeting to consider the sanitary needs of the city, and complains of the complicated round-about machinery of the Board and Commissioners of Health, few of whose members are capable of appreciating the duties of their office. He believes that the first groundwork of reform is to bestow upon some other body, differently constituted, all power over the sanitary affairs of the city. The powers of the dispensary system may be so extended as to meet most, if not all, the sanitary requirements of the day. The report continues: will be from resignations, and to report at the next

tary affairs of the city. The powers of the dispensary system may be so extended as to meet most, if not all, the sanitary requirements of the day. The report continues:

The benefits which this city is deily receiving from the aid furnished by these Dispensaries cannot be overestimated. The five Disp n aries distributed throughout the city numbered as patients during the year 1800 13, 23, 50 or 16-50 to the whole population, and one half of the city's annual liness. The proportion of foreign to native Dispensary yalents has been as high as three quarters to one quarter, but during the last three years it has stood in the proportion of 57 to 84. Not less than four hundred and fifty patients—an average of nicely to each Dispensary—apply daily, and receive immediate aid and attention from these institutions. It is estimated that the per centrage of deaths was eventy—even hundred is of one per cent. These Dispensaries, while they constitute the most important branch of cur public sanitary system, so far as the sittem of the Common Council or the Board of Health is concerned. Their weeful labors are a notiseless as they are efficient. They are chiefly supported by voluntary contributions, so far as the sittem of the Common Council or the Board of Health is concerned. Their weeful labors are an onesclose as they are efficient. They are chiefly supported by voluntary contributions, small contributions from the State. In their organization and internal police they are facilities. Possessing the general confidence of the people, they are pushfed over and their affaire directed by our best citizens, professional as well as nonprofessional; the whole laber is gratifious, and equally so their distribution of medicines. Their importance to the city is a pecunitary team and the season of the entire the contribution of the people, they are pushfed over and their affaired directed by our best citizens, professional as well as nonprofessional; the whole laber is gratifious, and equally so their distribution of medicines. Their

Mayor,
City Inspector,
State H-saith Officer,
Chairman of the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction,
Tresident of the Commissioners of Emigra-

tion,
tion,
and three Physicians, to be chosen by each of the Boards of
Trustees of the five Dispensaries, to serve during the pleasure of
the Appointing Board.
This plan makes a majority of the Board of Health medical Thus constituted, this Board of Health is to supersede the pre-ent system, or the Commissioners of Health, and the Board of sent system, or the Commissioners of Health, and the Board of Health, and to enjoy all the powers belonging at present to the

Thus constituted, this Board of Health is to supersede the present system, or the Commissioners of Health, and the Board of Health, and to enjoy all the powers belonging at present to these bodies.

As an additional measure of reform. I would recommend the abolishment of the present system of Health Wardens, and the consolidation of these officers in the visiting Physicians of the Dispensaries, who are to receive as compensation the pay now allowed to those Health Wardens. In effecting this change, the city will have the safest security he its interests will be attended to with promptness and efficiency, by a body of men in all respects qualified for their duttes. As no political considerations or partisam interests are liable to come in conflict with a body constituted on the basis of fitness and capacity, it can hardly be questioned that the change will be approved by all classes of our citizens. It is so simple in its plan, and so unincumbered with the machinery of the existing system, that it will adapt itself to the public wants without the slightest disarrangement of its parts, and it may quickly be put into operation, with no fear of disorganization, and with no additional expense to the city.

At present the Dispensaries well on the three properties, and it may quickly be put into operation, with no fear of disorganization, and with no additional expense to the city.

At present the Dispensaries whose districts are contiguous will require an additional number of visiting physicians come to the Dispensaries for treatment from above these points. New Dispensaries of the city of the districts are contiguous will require an additional number of visiting physicians, or health wardens, to traverse this extensive section, to extend over it the sanitary care of the Beaul of Health. These Dispensaries are the North Eastern and the Demitt. There ar

will fail short of the amount annually appropriated by the city to the pay of Health Wardens, while the benefits of the change to the community, in a sanitary point of view, cannot be overestimated.

The Health system of London and Paris is the one to which this proposed plants intended, to some extent, to assimilate, with the exception that in those cities a smaller proportion is made to consist of medical men than in the plan now recommended and it is recommended in this plan, that the Board shall be so constituted as to place the advisory power mestly in the hands of men educated to the medical profession.

At the same time, I would state, that while most realous that these changes should be made, I am equally decided in the opinion that the City Inspector should be a non-professional or layman, chosen not for his medical acquirements, but for his practical shillites and common-sense qualifications.

The suggestion of any plan in which the City Inspector, as executive Health Of s. s. is to be omitted, is the suggestion of an impracticability, as the same or a similar officer, with ample executive powers, is a necessity which cannot be avoided, and for which any proposed substitute would be a substitute only in name. There are often duties connected with the office of City Inspector of a character so varied as to call into requisition other qualities than those obtained from a medical education, and a neverly medical man might find in the discharge of his duties a accessity for qualities which an education solely medical would poorly supply. In the proposed plan, the duty of the Board of Health is to direct, and to the City Inspector as a present existing, for it is believed that whatever complaints may have been made against the existing system, it has not been charged that whatever has been ordered to be done by the City Inspector of a present existing, for it is believed that whatever complaints may have been made against the existing system, it has not been charged that whatever has been ordered to be don

The St. Louis Democrat says:

The St. Louis Democrat says:

Financial matters were unchanged and dult to-day, and the market closed at about the same figures for exchange and gold as yestarday—the former being 6.9° cent premium, and the latter 6 to 6 for bankable funds. Treasury Notes are largely in request, and would be taken by contractors for government supplies as residily as gold if they could be had. In fact, they are better than gold at par, because they aswer for exchange, and save much trouble in procuring that destrable article by parties winhave Eastern balances to foot up. The banks, seeing that Treasury Notes are worth about par in the Eastern market, are buying all they can get of them, and paying cut their frordeemakle bankable funds. Of course, they hold these notes until the demand for exchange becomes large. It is a great disappointment to the people that the Treasury Notes that were to be sent to this city have not arrived. It seems as though the Government ought to be able to simply issue "promise to pay" as fast as the people can make use of it in the legitimate presecution of the wat.

The Milwankee Sentinel says: There was an solive demand for exchange, which was freely met by the banks at 4 P cent premium. Boying rates were be regular, varying from 32034 P cent, according to the wants dealers. Gold was sold in round sums at 44 premium; for an sums the brokers charged S cent. Correspon continues Piers for all business surposes, and as the movement of predicting much lighter than at this period last year, it is not unlikely the we may get through the season without any serious stringency. we may get through the season without any string at the money market. We understand a convention of era of the listate will be held in this city next week, ence to the resumption of specie payments on the lat

About 7; o'clock on Monday evening a fire broke out in the premises corner of Sixty second street and Ninth avenue, occupied as a liquor store by Mr. Riley. The flames were extinguished with a few pails of water. Subsequently the floor was discovered to have been saturated with turjeatine, the smell of which left no doubt as to the liberal use which had been made of that destructive fluid. The fire was doubtless the work of an incendiary.

MARRIED.

DUNSMORE—GIBS—On Saturday, Sept. 14, by the Rev. F. 8
De Hess, Daniel Dunamore, U. S. N., to Agnes E. Gibb of this
city.

DUNTON—HAWLEY—On Saturday, Sept. 14, by the Rev.
Randolph S. Foster, Gibbert Dunton to Miss Caroline C. Hawley, daughter of John Hawley, esq.

NEGUS—REYNGLDS—At Springfield, Mass., on Thursday
Sept. 12, by the Rev. James Drummond, Sazmel G. Negus of
Jersey City, to Jennie A., daughter of H. S. Reynelds.

ALLERS-In this city, on Monday, Sept. 16, Henning F. Allers, aged 33 years.

ALDEN—In this city, on Seniay, Sept. 15, John Mullias, only child of W. M. and Adaline Alden, aged 2 years, 11 months and 9 days.

BRENNAN-In this city, on Sunday, Sept. 15, Susan, the be-loved wife of John Brennan, and 20 years, 4 months and 18 days.

BRENNER-In this city, on Sunday, Sept. 15, John Francis Brenner, youngest son of John and Ellen Brenner, sped 7 months and 22 days.

BUCHMAN-In this city, on Sunday, Sept. 15. Charlotte J., youngest doughter of Joseph and C. J. Buchman, aged I year and Il months. BISHOP-In Newburgh, on Sunday, Sept. 15, Canldwell, old woon of Nathan and Caroline C. Bishop of New-York, sged I year, 1 month and 25 days.

BROWER-On Monday, Sept. 16, Isaac R. Brower, is the 23d year of hisage. year of his age.

CAREY—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, Sept. 15, Bernard Thomas,
youngest son of Bernard and Anne Carey, aged 3 years and 19

DEVINE-In this city, on Monday, Sept. 16, Erian Devine, aged 8 months and 11 days. DUNCAN-At St. Louis, Mo., on Thursday, Sept. 12. Thomas R., sidest son of James and Mary Duncan, in the 13th year of his age.

FatGUSON—On Monday, Sept. 16, Charles Edgar, infant supof Wan. B. and Louisa Ferguson, aged 2 months and 26 days.

GRAHAM—In Genera, on Saturday, Sept. 7, Mrs. Laura Sophia
Grabam, aged 33 years, daugiter of * Hela B. and Maranet M.
Higgins, and grand-daugiter of the late i hilip C. Rockel.

The deceased had resided among us but a short time, and
during that period had formed but a limited acquait stance. These
were of her own immediate neighborhood: to them she became
most ardently attached and was in return most devoted y beloved. She was in yeart in spiris, even un or retrounsanced
that would have cuched to the very earth any but a strong resotore will, sustained by the conscioueness of rectified of fife. In
the social circle she was the very soul of cheerfulness and visvacify; as a daughter, the very pattern of fillial love and dury
as a wife, all that could be desired in a helpmest to man; as a
mother, the mest devoted and affectionare to the two little case
who since survive her out of a family of siz. To all these bereaved relatives and friends the stroke of death counting so suddenly, "as a theft in the might," is a most afficitive dispersation,
God in his mercy reconcile them to it, and councile them by Me
blessed promise that she "is not day, but sleepeth," and that
her waxing will be in the presence of Him whom she served
with the sincerity of the true believer.

"Peacefully lay her down to reat, FERGUSON-On Monday, Sept. 16, Churles Edgar, infant son

Peacefully lay her down to rest, Place the turk kindly on her breast; Sweet is her slumber beceast the sod, While the pure soul is resting with God. "Close to her lone and narrow house,

Over the holy, beautiful

"Quietly sleep, beloved one.
Rest from thy toil—thy labor is done;
Rest till the trump from the opening skies
Bid thee from dust to glory arise!"
[Geneva Exchange. GRAY-In this city, on Monday, Sept. 16, Daniel J., son of John

and Arm Gray.

HAMILTON — On Monday, Sept. 16, Robert Mentgenery
Hamilton, aged 14 years, 7 months and 29 days, son of John and
Anna Maria Hamilton.

HOGAN—In this city, on Saturday, Sept. 14, Jane Hogan, wife
of Thomas Hogan, aged 31 years and 4 months.

HITCHCOCK—At Tompkinaville, Staten Island, on Monday/
Sept. 16, Migs Sarsh H. Hitchcock, aged 18 years and 4 menths,
eldest daughter of Daniel R. and Mary A. Hitchcock.

KENNERDY—In this city, on Monday, Sept. 16, Marcache. KENNEDY - In this city, on Monday, Sept. 16, Margaret Kennedy, wife of John Kennedy, aged 45 years. McLENNAN—On Saturday night, Sept. 14, of hemorrhage of the lungs, Mary, the wife of Alexander MeLennan, and daugh-ter of the late Malcolm Currie to ton of Glasgow, Scotland. 1 The friends and acquintances of the family are respectfully requested to attend the funeral from No. 369 Ninth avenue, on Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock.

Glasgow papers pieces copy.

McCHERNEY—Julie Adele McChesney, infant daughter of Jas. and Sarah Maria McChesney, aged 9 months and 26 days. Funeral from the residence of her parents, at Factory tille, Satem Island, on Wednesday, 18th inst, at 1 o'clock. Boat leaves Fier No. 1 East Riverst 12; o'clock. The relatives and friends are respectfully invited. The remains will be taken to Greenwood.

days.

McCUTCHEON—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, Sopt. 14, at I o'clock
p. m., of hemon'h ge of the lungs, James, eldest son of John
and Fanny McCutcheon, aged 21 years and 9 months.

McGoWah—At West Hoboken, on Sunday, Sept. 16, JaneMcGowah, aged 18 years, 10 months and 5 days. NICHOLS-In Brooklyn, on Sunday morning, Sept. 15. Mrs., Elizabeth, relict of the late Issac Nichols, esq., in the 78th year of her ege.

REILLY-At Staten Island, on Saturday, Sept. 14, after a short but severe illness, John Relily, aged 25 years. Sept. 16, Wil RAYWOOD — In this city, on Monday Sept. 16, William Raywood, in the first year of his age.

SHERWOOD—In Williamsburgh, on Monday, Sept. 16, Mr. Thomas J. Sherwood, in the loth year of his age.

TAYLOR—In Brooklyn, at the residence of G. B. Caldwell, No. 72 Clark street, on Monday, Sept. 16, Mary, daughter of Alfred and Jane B. Taylor, aged 13 months.

WESTLAKE—On Monday, Sept. 16, George Westlake, in the

WESTLAKE—On Monday, Sept. 16, George Westlake, in the 69th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 224 Jay street, Brooklyn, on Wednesday afternous, Sept. 13, 24 2 o'ciock. Newburgh, Orange County, papers please copy.

WORTH—At Schaghticoke, Rensealest County, N. Y., on Friday, Sept. 13, Edward Mather, jinfant son of Paul and Harriette M. Worth of this city, sared 9 months and 6 days.

WELDEN—At Greenpoint, on Sunday, Sept. 15, of a lingering luness, Maria C. Welden, daughter of the late Cept. James Welden of this city.

WALLING—At Para, Brazil, on Monday, Aug. 19, of velow fever. Theodore P., eldest son of John D. and Jane P. Walling aged 27 years, 19 months and 19 days.

Movements of Ocean Steamers. TO DEPART. Leare. Boston. Liverpool. Sept. 18. New York. Kingston, Ja. Sept. 29. New-York. Kingston, Ja. Sept. 29. New-York. Liverpool. Sept. 29. New-York. Liverpool. Sept. 29. New-York. Liverpool. Sept. 21. New-York. Liverpool. Sept. 21. New-York. Liverpool. Sept. 25. Steamships. ongrees.....

| York New-York Bremen. | Sept. 28 |
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| garooNew YorkLiverpoo | Out 3 |
| pa Boston Liverpot Eastern New-York Liverpot of New-York New-York Liverpot | d Oct. 5 |
| t Eastern New lork Liverpoo | 1 Oct. 5 |
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| TO ARRIVE. | 10 10 10 |
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| | Sppt. 13 |
| LiverpoolNew-You | K Sept 18 |
| onSouthampton New-You | Sept. 13 |
| | Sept. 19 |
| LiverpoolQuebec. | Sept. 21 |

Chances for Business Men.

WANTED-A PARTNER, with a cash capital of from \$5,000 to \$10,000, in a manufacturing basiness that will pay from \$10,000 to \$20,000 a year. The article manufactured is bought and sold for cash. Any one who wishes to go into a safe business, and can furnish the above amount, oal address P. L., care of N. E. MONHOE, No. 68 Cortlands which will meet with attention.

\$150 PER MONTH made by enterprising SHIELD for hand-sewing, indispensable to every lady live text the inger and makes a beautiful hem. Sample sent on recipt of 25c. Address A. H. DOWNER, No. 417 Breadway.

Furniture.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES of FURNI-TURE in all colors and styles, at Wholesale and Retail, at \$425 and upward. Also, Mattresses and Failinsses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st, Four doors east of Breadwey.

FIRST-CLASS ENAMELED FURNITURE, Plair, Decorated, and Grained, solid Walnut and Oak Se Biattresses, Spring-bed, &c., Suits from \$23 upward. J. W. FISHER & Co., Manufacturers, No. 650 Breadway. Between Bleecker and Bond-sts., Marble Building.

Professional Notices.

DR. H. BOSTWICK, author of several Medical works, will continue the practice of Medicine and Sargery, at No. 35 East 12th-st., near Broadway.

E DWARD H. DIXON, M. D., Editor of The x. Office consultations on the more obscure disease of the pelvic viscera. Rupture, Piles, Variencele, and Fistula radically curied without the hinfe or ligature. Office hours from 5 to 3, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings.